News Consumption

UNDERSTANDING CONSUMER DIFFERENCES BASED ON QUANTITY OF NEWS CONSUMPTION

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ABSTRACT
The increase in the volume of information available online, together with the emergence of new tools and services that act as intermediaries and enable interactivity around the news, has changed people's relationship with the news. This changing environment raises questions about the nature and amount of news consumed. Understanding the prevailing processes of news consumption and media choices is of significance for news organizations and their marketing strategists, as well as for policy makers.

Investigation

This study investigated:
• attitudes towards the news media
• consumption patterns
• news media source preferences
• news participation behaviors

An on-line questionnaire using Qualtrics was distributed through a variety of social media sites. Analysis was conducted utilizing appropriate statistical routines in SPSS. Findings provide insights regarding important relationships between the amount of news consumed and several of the news related constructs investigated.

Overall findings

Respondents reported they spend between 0-28 hours a week consuming news (mean = 4.34 hours). Key importance factors regarding the news included credibility of the news source, reliability, and the provision of unbiased and factual content. Majority of the respondents indicated that news is important and keeps them informed. A smaller number indicated that the news can be annoying and even depressing. Respondents were substantially more likely to get their news reading online, followed by listening on the radio and watching on television. Interestingly, our findings indicated that they were only moderately likely to consume news provided online via video or verbally. Reading the news in a print format was indicated to be very unlikely. Our research found that the most preferred topics selected by respondents are as follows: World Events, Science and Technology, USA events, Lifestyle, and Politics. The additional analysis provided focuses on similarities and differences based on amount of news consumed in an average week.

Consuming the News...

Consuming the news can be an emotional task. Out of all the categories listed above, all consumers can agree overall that news keeps them informed and is important. Heavy weekly news consumers are significantly more likely to report that the news is fun, important, although can be annoying, and keeps them informed.

How People Choose to Consume News

The above graph demonstrates how people choose to consume their news based on how much time they spend consuming the news on a weekly basis. The lowest consumers do not highly partake in any methods of consuming news besides reading it online because these people show little interest in consuming news, overall. The moderate consumers mostly choose to consume news by reading online, watching online, and listening to the radio. The highest consumers are more likely to utilize every media source of the news available.

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An asterisk (*) indicates a statistically significant relationship (p < .05).