

SUMMER SCHOOL IS A BIG DEAL

During the summer of 1976, 340 students were enrolled in law school. The variety of offerings and the flexible class schedules continue to attract more students each year. While the majority of those enrolled in the summer session are degree candidates at this law school, there are some students earning credits here to be transferred to other law schools, which do not have summer courses.

The Intersession is the three weeks between the end of the spring semester and the start of the regular summer session. This year two courses were offered. The course in Trusts and Estates was taught by a man known to many of our alumni, although he no longer teaches regularly at U.W. He is Professor Richard Effland from the Law School at Arizona State.

There are two 5-week sessions in the summer; there is also a 10-week session. One course is offered in an 8-week session.

Ten-week courses included Evidence and Constitutional law, taught by Professor Frank Tuerkheimer and Larry Church. Trial Advocacy is offered for 10 weeks in the 10-week session in the evenings.

In the eight weeks between June 21 and August 13, Professor James MacDonald taught a course in Land Use Controls.

During the first 5-week session, Psychiatry and the Law was conducted by Professor Alexander Brooks, a regular summer visitor from Rutgers-Newark. Professor Richard Kabaker taught Taxation of Trusts and Estates. Conflict of Laws was taught by Professor Gary Milhollin, and Business Associations by Professor George Young. The Sociology of Law, under Professor Stuart Macaulay, and Trademarks, under Professor Warren Lehman were also included.

The second five weeks brought Judge David Schwartz, a member of the U.S. Court of Claims, to the Law School to teach a course in government contracts. Professor Thain conducted a seminar in Consumer Law; Professor Finamn taught a one credit course in Professional Responsibility. Professor Lehman also taught a course in Price Discrimination under the Robinson-Patman law.

It is possible for a highly motivated student to earn 3 credits in intersession, 6 credits in the first five weeks, 4 credits in the 10-week session and 3 credits in the second five weeks—a total of 16 credits. Many students think it's a pretty good deal.

Among the 340 students in the summer sessions are 68 students enrolled in various clinical programs. The program which provides Legal Assistance to Inmates in correctional and mental institutions. Among the other projects in which students are enrolled for credit (and usually a small amount of cash) are: Native American Programs, the Ordinance Defense Project, a statewide Prosecutor's Assistance Program, and the Center for Public Representation.

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LIBRARY TO GET LEXIS FOR ONE YEAR EXPERIMENT

LEXIS, a computer-assisted legal research system, will be installed this fall in the Law Library on a one year trial period financed by the University graduate school.

LEXIS uses a digital computer to search through the complete text of cases, statutes and federal regulatory material. The system's "library" is especially rich in federal internal revenue, securities and trade regulation data.

The installation will include a CRT terminal and an IBM printer. We will have unlimited time use of the data base in Ohio, but the contract with the Mead Data Central Corp restricts our use of the system to scholarly and educational research. Included with the installation will be a simulator using tapes for practice self-instruction although members of the library staff will receive training in order to help faculty and students with the system.

An article in the March, 1976, ABA Journal describes the LEXIS system as well as WESTLAW. The latter is marketed by West Publishing Company.